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parents to whom the Danish language is familiar, he is a trained student in history.

We are given an authoritative history of the colonization and the development of trade and agriculture in St. Thomas, St. Croix and St. John, the only islands of this group of about fifty large enough to have official names. A vivid picture is drawn of the slave trade, and of slave insurrections; of emancipation; and of the control of labor by legislation.

A supplementary chapter which is simply a brief outline of the history of the islands from 1755 to 1917 is added. It is to be hoped that this will be enlarged by the author in a later volume. A bibliography of twenty pages, an appendix, several illustrations, and maps, add to the value of this book.

M. T. M.

South-Eastern Europe; the Main Problem of the Present World Struggle. By VLADISLAV R. SAVIC. Introduction by Nicholas Murray Butler. New York, F. H. Revell Co. 1918. 276 pp. \$1.50.

This volume is important to those who wish to understand the point of view of the educated leaders of Serbia. The particular aim of the author, who was formerly Head of the Press Bureau in the Servian Foreign Office, is to convince the American public of the justice of the claims of a greater Serbia. According to the Declaration of Corfu, signed July 20, 1917, by representatives of Serbia and of Committees of Serb provinces in Austria-Hungary, the greater Serbia, to be created after the war, is to comprise Serbia, Montenegro, Bosnia, Herzegovina, Croatia, Dalmatia, and Slovenia, a federal state with a total population of some 13,000,000 people. It is obviously impossible to satisfy these territorial demands of Serbia as well as those of Italy and of Bulgaria. The author is on firm ground when he argues that the new Jugo Slav state has better claims to Dalmatia and the islands of the Adriatic than has Italy; but his chapter on "The Serbo-Bulgarian Relations" should be supplemented by reading "Bulgaria's Case," by Professor Tsanoff, which was published in the January, 1918, issue of the JOURNAL OF RACE DEVELOPMENT.

The Menace of Peace. By GEORGE D. HERRON. New York, Mitchell Kennerley. 1917. 110 pp.

The purpose of this collection of short essays is well expressed by the following quotation: "a peace that leaves Germany unde-

feated is essentially a German victory, and straightway leads to the Germanization of the world. A peace based upon a drawn battle between the Germanic Powers and the Allies is nothing else than the capitulation of the world to Prussian might and mastery."

Woodrow Wilson and the World's Peace. By GEORGE D. HERRON.
New York, Mitchell Kennerley. 1917. 173 pp.

A collection of newspaper and magazine articles written in 1916 and the early part of 1917 for European publications. They are interesting as interpretations of the foreign policy of the United States. The author is a consistent admirer of President Wilson's statesmanship.

The Political History of Poland. By EDWARD H. LEWINSKI-CORWIN, Ph.D. New York, The Polish Book Importing Co. 1917. 628 pp.

A book which should be read by all those interested in the territorial problems which must be solved at the close of the war. An Allied victory over the Central Empires will mean a recreation of the Polish State, but the delimitation of the boundaries of this new state will be difficult. A knowledge of Polish history and of the present Polish point of view are essential for those who wish to understand the Polish Problem. The volume is profusely illustrated, and has a valuable series of maps showing the area of Poland at different periods in its long history.